



SHENZHEN RITAR POWER CO.,LTD
MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET 原材料安全性数据表

Product Name: VALVE REGULATED RECHARGEABLE BATTERY 免维护铅酸蓄电池

Date: June. 1, 2009

To: Customer of RITAR BATTERY CORP RT, RA,RL Series Batteries

SECTION 1: HAZARDOUS COMPONENTS 第 1 部分: 有毒元件

| COMPONENTS 元件 | %WEIGHT 所占比重 | TLV | LD50 ORAL | LC50 INHALATION | LC50 CONTACT |
|---|-----------------|---------------------|---------------|-----------------|--------------|
| Lead 铅(Pb, PbO ₂ , PbSO ₄) | About 大约 70% | N/A (无效) | (500) mg/Kg | N/A | N/A |
| Sulfuric Acid 硫酸 | About 20% | 1 mg/m ³ | (2.140) mg/Kg | N/A | N/A |
| Fiberglass Separator 玻璃纤维隔板 | About 5% | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| ABS or PP ABS 或 PP | About 5% | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |

SECTION 2: PHYSICAL DATA 第 2 部分: 物理数据

| COMPONENTS 元件 | DENSITY 密度 | MELTING POINT 化点 | SOLLUBILITY 溶解性 (H ₂ O) | ODOR 气味 | APPEARANCE 外观 |
|---------------------------|---------------|---------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------|--------------------------------|
| Lead 铅 | 11.34 | 327.4°C (化) | None (没有) | None | Sliver-Gray Metal 银灰色金属 |
| Lead Sulfate 硫酸铅 | 6.2 | 1070°C (化)) | 40 mg/l (15°C) | None | White Powder 白色粉末 |
| Lead Dioxide 氧化铅 | 9.4 | 290°C (化) | None | None | Brown Powder 褐色粉末 |
| Sulfuric Acid 硫酸 | About 1.3 | About 114°C (化) | 100% | Acidic 酸的 | Clear Colorless Liquid 无色液体 |
| Fiberglass Sep. 玻璃纤维隔板 | N/A | N/A | SLIGHT 轻微 | TOXIC 有毒 | WHITE FIBROUS GLASS 白色纤维玻璃 |
| ABS or PP | N/A | N/A | NONE | NO ODOR 没气味 | SOLID 固体 |

SECTION 3: PROTECTION 第 3 部分: 保护



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| EXPOSUR 暴露 | PROTECTION 保护 | COMMENTS 注解 |
|----------------|--|---|
| SKIN 皮肤 | Rubber gloves, Apron, Safety shoes 橡皮手套, 围裙, 安全鞋 | Protective equipment must be worn if battery is cracked or otherwise damaged. 假如电池裂开或有其它的损坏, 一定要带上保护设备 |
| RESPIRATORY 呼吸 | Respirator (for lead) 呼吸器 | A respirator should be worn during reclaim operations if the TLV exceeded. 在回收时超过 TLV 时, 一定要带呼吸器 |
| EYES 眼睛 | Safety goggles, Face Shield 安全眼罩, 脸罩 | |

SECTION 4: FLAMMABILITY DATA 第 4 部分: 易燃性数据

| COMPONENTS 元件 | FLASHPOINT 燃烧点 | EXPLOSIVE LIMITS 爆炸限定 | COMMENTS 注解 |
|--------------------------|----------------|-----------------------|---|
| Lead 铅 | None 没有 | None | |
| Sulfuric Acid 硫酸 | None 没有 | None | |
| Hydrogen 氢 | 259°C | 4% - 74.2% | Sealed batteries can emit hydrogen only if over charged (float voltage > 2.4 VPC). The gas enters the air through the vent caps. To avoid the chance of a fire or explosion, keep sparks and other sources of ignition away from the battery. 只有在过充时 (float voltage > 2.4 VPC), 密封电池能发出氢气。气体经通风阀向大气排出。要防止爆炸或火, 火花或者其它的火源接近电池 Extinguishing Media: Dry chemical, foam, CO ₂ 灭火器: 干化学泡沫 CO ₂ |
| Fiberglass Sep. 纤维玻璃隔板 | N/A (无效) | N/A | Toxic vapors may be released.有毒的气体会放出 In case of fire: wear self-contained breathing apparatus.万一着火, 穿上自带呼吸的设备 |
| 478 Polystyrene 478 聚苯乙烯 | None 没有 | N/A | Temperatures over 300 °C (572°F) may release combustible gases. In case of fire: wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus. 温度超过 300 °C (572°F)会发出易燃性气体。万一有火, 穿上正压自带呼吸的设备 |

SECTION 5: REACTIVITY DATA 第 5 部分: 反应数据



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| | |
|--------------------------------|---|
| COMPONENT 元件 | Lead/lead compounds 铅/铅化合物 |
| STABILITY 稳定性 | Stable 稳定 |
| INCOMPATIBILITY 不相容性 | Potassium, carbides, sulfides, peroxides, phosphorus, sulfurs. 钾、碳化物、硫化物、过氧化物、磷、硫磺 |
| DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS 分解产品 | Oxides of lead and sulfur. 铅的氧化物和硫磺 |
| CONDITIONS TO AVOID 应避免的条件 | High temperature, Sparks and other sources of ignition. 高温、火花和其它火源 |
| COMPONENT 成份 | Sulfuric Acid 硫酸 |
| STABILITY 稳定性 | Stable at all temperatures 所有温度时都稳定 |
| POLYMERIZATION 聚合 | Will not polymerize 不会聚合 |
| INCOMPATIBILITY 不相容性 | Reactive metals, strong bases, most organic compounds 反应金属, 强基础, 大部分有机化合物 |
| DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS 分解产品 | Sulfuric dioxide, trioxide, hydrogen sulfide, hydrogen 二氧化硫, 三氧化物, 硫化氢、氢 |
| CONDITIONS TO AVOID 应避免的条件 | Prohibit smoking, sparks, etc. from battery charging area. Avoid mixing acid with other chemicals. 在电池充电区域禁止烟, 火花等。不要把酸和其它化学物混合 |

SECTION 6: CONTROL MEASURES 第 6 部分: 控制方法



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1. Store lead/acid batteries with adequate ventilation. Room ventilation is required for batteries utilized for standby power generation. Never recharge batteries in an unventilated, enclosed space.

在足够通风的地方储存铅酸电池。室内通风要求电池应用于备用电能产生源。不要在不通风、闭塞的地方充电

2. Do not remove vent caps. Follow shipping and handling instructions that are applicable to the battery type.

To avoid damage to terminals and seals, do not double-stack industrial batteries.

不要移开通风阀。遵循该型号电池的运输和处理说明。以防止损坏端子和密封。不要叠放工业电池

STEPS TO TAKE IN CASE OF LEAKS OR SPILLS 电池漏液时所采取的措施

If sulfuric acid is spilled from a battery, neutralize the acid with sodium bicarbonate (baking soda), sodium carbon (soda ash), or calcium oxide (lime).假如硫酸从电池中溢出，用重碳酸钠、苏打水或石灰去中和硫酸

Flush the area with water discard to the sewage systems. Do not allow unneutralized acid into the sewage system.用水冲洗溢酸表面，将脏水排至下水道。不要将没有中和的酸冲至下水道。

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD:废物外理方法

Neutralized acid may be flushed down the sewer. Spent batteries must be treated as hazardous waste and disposed of according to local state, and federal regulations. A copy of this material safety data must be supplied to any scrap dealer or secondary smelter with battery.中和的酸可能会被冲至下水道。失效的电池必须作为有毒废品，根据当地的要求进行处理。提供一份原材料安全性数据给废物处理经销商或电池二级炼外

ELECTRICAL SAFETY 电安全性

Due to the battery's low internal resistance and high power density. High levels of short circuit can be developed across the battery terminals. Do not rest tools or cables on the battery. Use insulated tools only. 由于电池的底内阻、高能量密度。高水平的短路能发展到电池端子上。不要将工具和线放在电池上。只使用绝缘工具。

Follow all installation instruction and diagrams when installing or maintaining battery systems.

安装或维护电池系统时，参考安装说明书和图

SECTION 7: HEALTH HAZARD DATA 第 7 部分：安全的 HAZARD 数据

LEAD: The toxic effects of lead are accumulative and slow to appear. It affects the kidneys, reproductive, and central nervous system.铅：铅的毒性不断积累，并慢慢表现出来。它会影响肾形矿脉、再生性和中枢神经系统
The symptoms of lead overexposure are anemia, vomiting, headache, stomach pain (lead colic), dizziness, loss of appetite, and muscle and joint pain. Exposure to lead from a battery most often occurs during lead reclaim operations through the breathing or ingestion of lead dusts and fumes.铅过多的症状有贫血、呕吐、头痛、胃痛，头昏眼花、没胃口和筋骨痛。电池中铅一般会在铅回收的过程中通过呼吸摄入铅灰或铅烟

THIS DATA MUST BE PASSED TO ANY SCRAP OR SMELTER WHEN A BATTERY IS RESOLD.

当电池转卖时，这些数据必须提供给处理商或炼处

SULFURIC ACID: Sulfuric acid is a strong corrosive. Contact with acid can cause severe burns on the skin and in the eyes. Ingestion of sulfuric acid will cause GI tract burns. Acid can be release if the battery case is damaged or if the vents are tamper ed with.硫酸：硫酸有强腐蚀性，接触硫酸能使皮肤和眼睛产生严重的灼伤。摄入硫酸能使GI管道灼伤。假如电池壳损坏或者通风口被堵塞时，酸会漏出

FIBERGLASS SEPARATOR: Fibrous glass is an irritant of the upper respiratory tract, skin and eyes. For



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exposure up to 10F/CC use MSA Comfort with type H filter. Above 10F/CC up to 50F/CC use Ultra-Twin with type H filter. 纤维玻璃隔板: 纤维玻璃对上呼吸道、皮肤、眼睛都有刺激性。辐射量超过 10F/CC, 使用带 H 型过滤器的 MSA Comfort, 在 10F/CC 至 50F/CC 之间用带 H 型 过滤器的 Ultra-Twin。

NTP or OSHA does not consider this product carcinogenic. NTP 和 OSHA 不会考虑这些产品的致癌性

SECTION 8: SULFURIC ACID PRECAUTIONS 第 8 部分: 硫酸警告

INHALATION: Acid mist form formation process may cause respiratory irritation, remove from exposure and apply oxygen if breathing is difficult. 吸入: 酸雾的形成使呼吸不畅, 移开敞开物, 假如呼吸困难, 请吸氧

SKIN CONTACT: Acid may cause irritation, burns or ulceration. Flush with plenty of soap and water, remove contaminated clothing, and see physician if contact area is large or if blisters form. 皮肤接触: 酸能造成疼痛、灼伤、溃疡。用肥皂水冲洗, 移开被污染的衣服。假如被硫酸接触的面积很大或者有水泡形成, 请看医生

EYE CONTACT: Acid may cause severe irritation, burns, cornea damage and blindness. Call physician immediately and flush with water until physician arrives. 眼睛接触: 酸能造成疼痛、灼伤、角膜损坏和变瞎。请立即打电话给医生, 在医生到来之前, 用水冲洗眼睛

INGESTION: Acid may cause irritation of mouth, throat, esophagus and stomach. Call physician. If patient is conscious, flush mouth with water, have the patient drink milk or sodium bicarbonate solution. 摄取: 酸能使嘴、咽喉、食道和胃发炎。打电话给医生, 假如患者还有知觉, 用水冲洗嘴, 让患者喝牛奶或重碳酸钠溶液

DO NOT GIVE ANYTHING TO AN UNCONSCIOUS PERSON. 不用给没有知觉的人做什么

SECTION 9: TRANSPORTATION REGULATIONS 第 9 部分: 运输规则

We hereby certify that all RITAR Battery Maintenance Free Rechargeable Sealed Lead Acid batteries conform to the UN2800 classification as “Batteries, wet, Non- Spillable, and electric storage” as a result of passing the Vibration and Pressure Differential Test described in DOT [49 CFR 173.159(d) and IATA/ICAO [Special Provision A67] and IMDG CODE 2004 Edition Chapter 3.3 Item 238. 我们据此保证所有的 RITAR 的免维护可充铅酸蓄电池符合 UN2800 分类, 作为“电池, 湿的, 不漏液的, 电储存”, 已通过如 DOT [49 CFR 173.159(d), IATA/ICAO [Special Provision A67]和《国际海运危险货物规则》2004 修订版 3.3 章 238 条中所描述的振动和压力微分测试

RITAR Batteries having met the related conditions are EXEMPT from hazardous goods regulations for the purpose of transportation by DOT, IATA/ICAO and IMDG, and therefore are unrestricted for transportation by any means.

RITAR 的电池满足 DOT, IATA/ICAO 和 IMDG 中所要求的运输条件, 不是运输的危险品。因此可以通过各种方式运输, 不会被限制。